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RESEARCH & INNOVATION CENTRE



Turf love: Challenges and opportunities in the residential arena

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Ontario's Cosmetic Pesticides Ban

- Pesticides cannot be used for cosmetic purposes on lawns, vegetable and ornamental gardens, patios, driveways, cemeteries, and in parks and school yards; there are no exceptions...
- >250 pesticide products banned for sale
- >95 pesticide ingredients banned for cosmetic uses

nunicipal pesticides bylaws to create one clear, transparent and province.

Pesticides cannot be used to ourposes on lawns, vegetable and ornamental gardens, patios, driveways, cemeteries, and in the ks and school yards. There are **no** exceptions for pest infestations (insects, fungi or weeds) in these areas, as lower risk pesticides, biopesticides and alternatives to pesticides exist. More than 250 pesticide products are banned for sale and over 95 pesticide ingredients are banned for cosmetic uses.

Exceptions

• **Public health or safety:** Pesticides can be used to control plants that are poisonous to esticides-banned-for-cosmetic-uses.html cts that bite, sting, are venomous or are disease

April 22, 2009

Contact Us | Français

ument was published on 4, 2009 and is provided for and research purposes.

JNews

250+ Pesticides Banned For Cosmetic Uses

















Pest management

Five years after the ban, where are we?

- Moved from pest and weed 'control' to 'management'
- 'Preventative' vs 'curative' actions
 - Healthy soil, healthy lawn first
- New management tools
 - Integrated lawn management strategy
 - Greater emphasis on the 'system'
 - Biopesticides and reduced-risk insecticides
 - Understanding the pest and the control agent(s)

Pest management in residential areas

Primary pests

Review research for:

- White grubs
 - European chafer
 - Japanese beetle
- Chinch bug
- Leatherjackets







Lawn Maintenance

- Cut
- Water
- Aerate
- Seed
- Feed



Season-long activities Establish a healthy, resilient lawn

Where did the grubs go in 2014?

- Winter kill?
- Cool, wet spring?
- Cyclical nature of many insect pests





White grubs

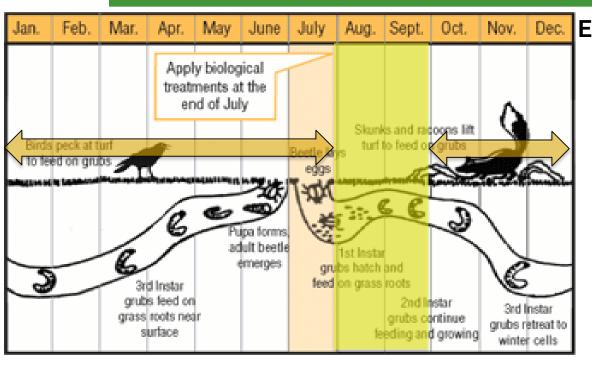
European chafer, Japanese beetle

'When white grubs are an issue, we know that turf that was damaged last year has, on average, about an 80% chance to suffer grub damage again'

• Turf Magazine - March, 2012



Life cycle and control



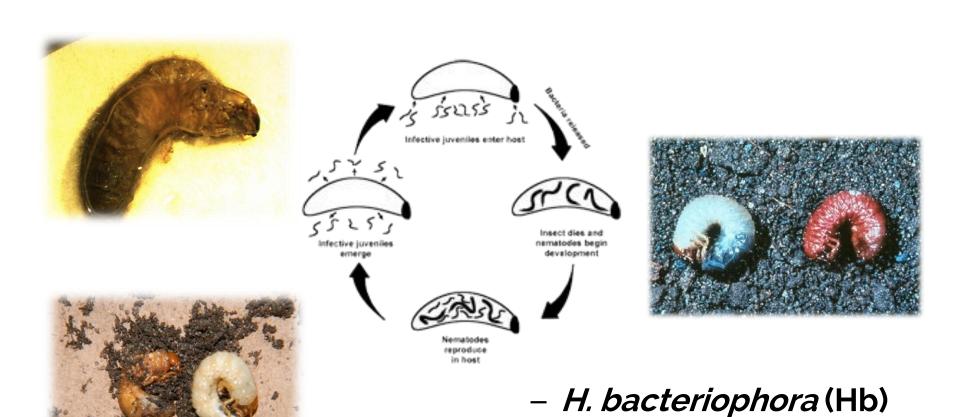
Dec. Eur. Chafer, Japanese beetle





Grub control with nematodes

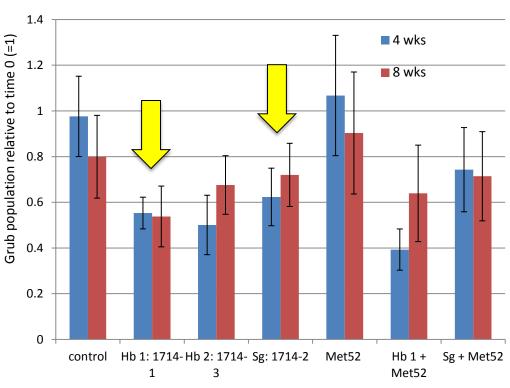
- S. glaseri (Sg)



Successful grub control with nematodes

- Nematodes (Hb or Sg) provide 40-60% control
- Two consecutive applications (ca. 14d apart) more consistent
- Timing of application critical to efficacy August in Ontario





Getting the best out of nematodes

- Refrigerate after purchase, limited shelf life
- Apply sufficient nematodes to a moist lawn
- Overcast conditions or evening application
- Irrigate lawn after application
- Nematodes a useful tool, not a 'silver bullet'





New management tools

Bt galleriae

MASTER LABEL

Phyllom grub GONE! G

Biological Insecticide Granule Controls Annual White Grubs in Turf and Ornamentals

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

 Bacillus thuringiensis subsp. galleriae, Strain SDS-502 fermentation

 solids, spores and insecticidal toxins*
 9.0% w/w

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 91.0% w/w

 TOTAL:
 100.0% w/w

 *Contains a minimum of 1 x 10° CFU per gram.
 100.0% w/w

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See side/back panel for additional precautionary statements.

 Net Weight:
 Lbs
 Kg
 EPA Reg. No.: 88347-E

 Batch Number:
 EPA Est. No.: 9198-OH-1

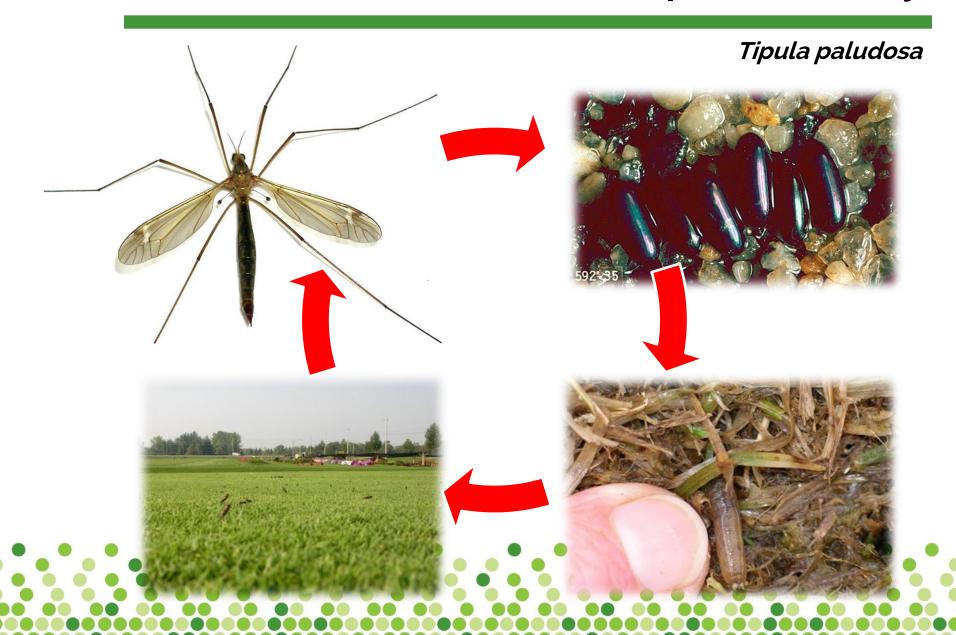
Manufactured for: Phyllom, LLC 922 San Leandro Avenue, Ste. F Mountain View, CA 94043 Tel: (650) 322-5000 E-mail: johnlibs@phyllom.com



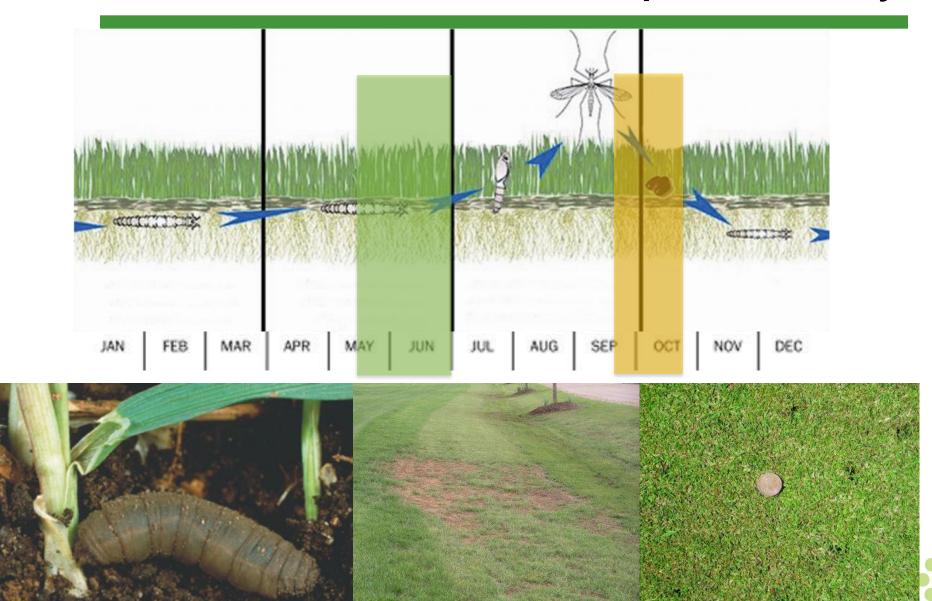




European crane fly



European crane fly



Leatherjacket control in home lawns

Nematodes

Early fall:

- Steinernema feltiae
 - 1,000,000/m²
- 50:50 mix of *S. feltiae* and Heterorhabditis bacteriophora
 - 500,000 each/m²

Spring

- S. carpocapsae
 - $-1,000,000/m^2$
- S. feltiae
 - 2x at half rate, 7d apart





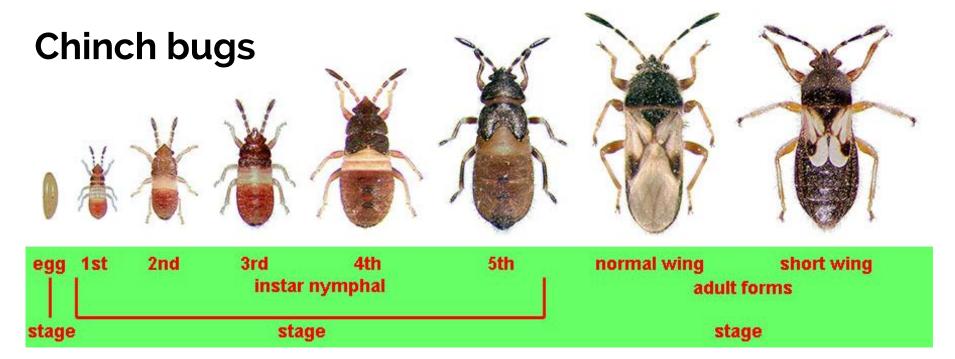
Hairy chinch bug

Blissus leucopterus hirtus









- Eggs May/June
- Nymphs June July, adults July Aug
- Crown and stem feeders
- Damage rapidly visible in hot, dry weather
 - sunny areas, well-drained soils



Monitoring

- Direct observation
 - Gently part the base of the grass
 - Adults ~4mm long; nymphs bright red
- Floatation method
 - Place 10 cm diam plug into bucket of water
 - Chinch bugs float to the surface;
 - ≥10 bugs/sample damage likely





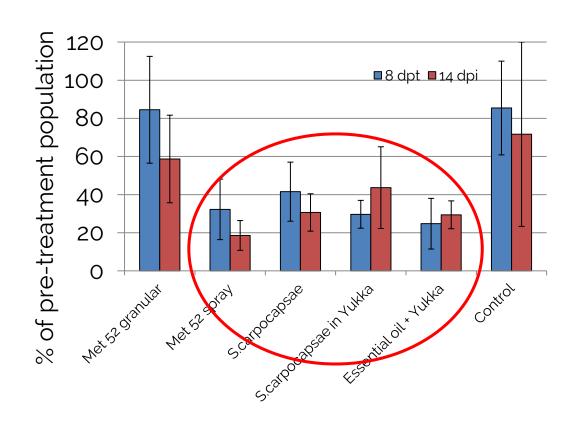


Biopesticide efficacy

2010, 2011 trials

- S. carpocapsae
- Met52 (WP) spray
- Essential oil (rosemary)

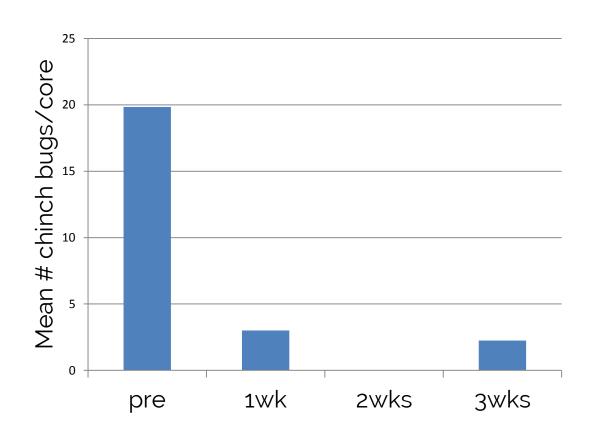




Super Green 5

Based on rosemary oil

- Applied 1x as a spray
- Rapid knock-down
- Limited residual





'Bioceres'

Beauveria bassiana

- WP and granules
- WP applied as a spray
 - 3x at weekly intervals
- Granules applied 2x
 - 14d apart

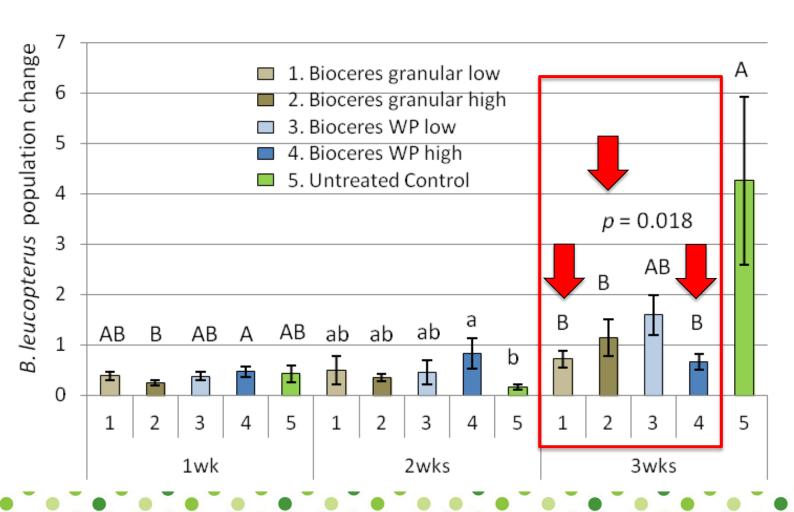






Biopesticide efficacy

'BioCeres' 2014



New grasses

'Creeping' grasses

- Tall fescue
- Perennial ryegrass

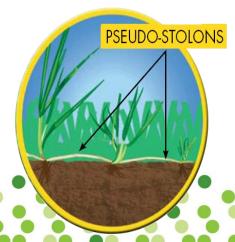
Benefits

- Faster establishment
- Denser establishment
- Deep extensive root system
 - Water, fertilizer
- Insect tolerance











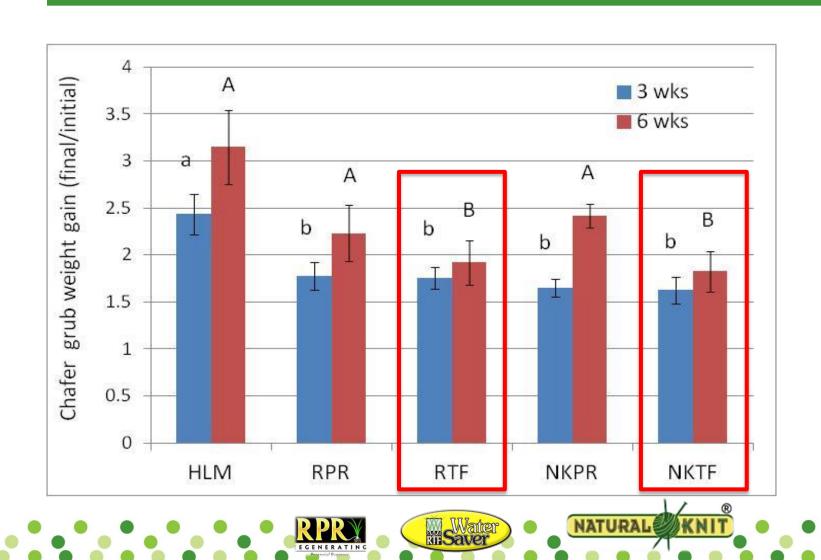
Endophytic grasses

- Can impact a range of insects
 - Chich, webworm...
- Effects if 35-40% of grasses carry the endophyte (US results)
 - Opportunities for overseeding
- Performance in Canada?





Effects of turfgrass on chafer growth

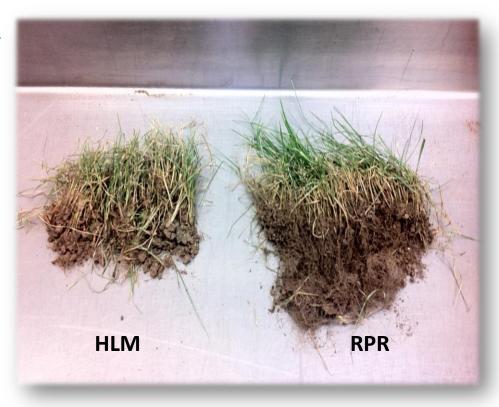


Chafer feeding preference

- Home lawn mix preferred over ryes and fescues
- Grubs fed on ryegrass roots when HLM roots consumed
- Overall, best performance seen in fescues







Performance of grasses in Ontario

See Pam Charbonneau
 This session at 12.30

'In Search of the Magic Bullet'



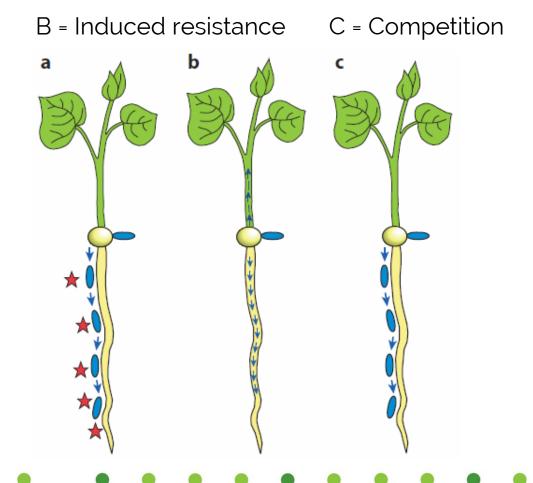


Other beneficial microbes

Root-colonizing microorganisms

A = Antibiosis

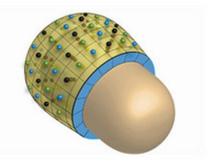
- Fungicidal
 - Trichoderma spp.
 - Bacillus subtilis
- Growth stimulation
 - Mycorhizzae
 - Rhizobia
- Insecticidal
 - Metarhizium

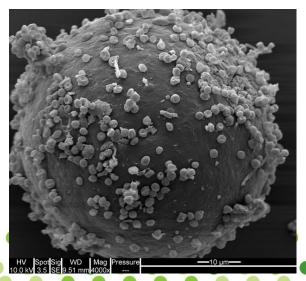


Application and use: seed coatings

- Spray, broadcast, inefficient
- Seed coating

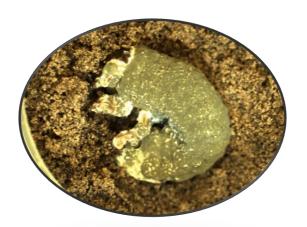






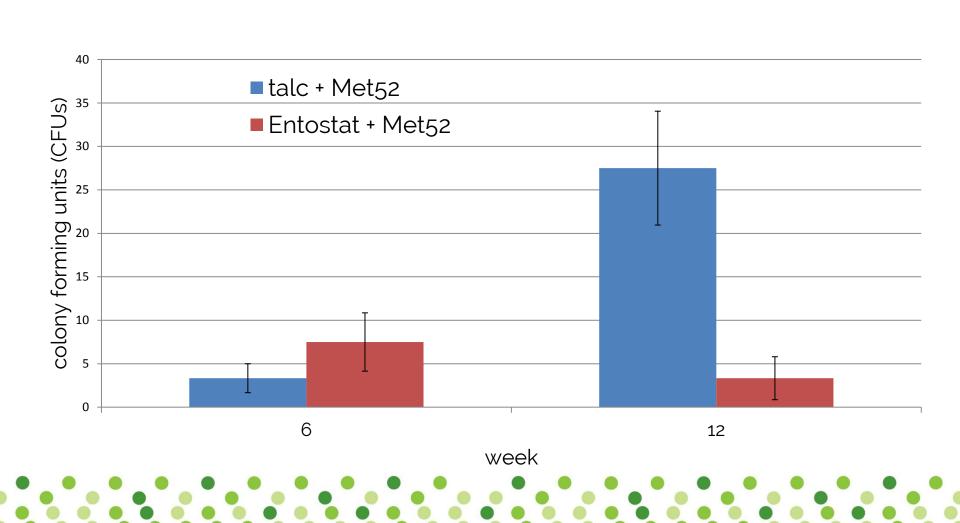
Metarhizium anisopliae

- Can you get enough spores on grass seeds?
- Does the fungus establish on roots?
- Does the plant benefit?
 - Growth
 - Stress tolerance
 - Protection against insect feeding



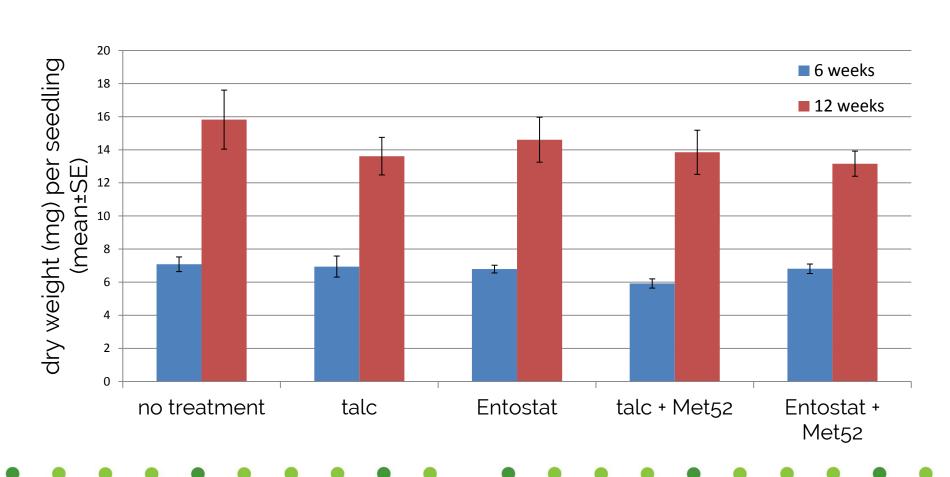


Root colonization



Effect of *Metarhizium* on grass growth

Seedling biomass after 6 and 12 weeks



Take-homes

- The pesticide ban has meant that lawn pest control has to be done differently
- Understand the pest and the 'needs' of the control agents
- Manage clients' expectations difficult!
- Biopesticides provide 50-60% control
- Timing of application is critical to efficacy
- Essential to take an integrated management approach

Acknowledgements

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Thank You

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